

### A word from the Vice-President for Education



On behalf of the Senior Management of the Ecole Polytechnique Fédérale de Lausanne (EPFL), I would like to wholeheartedly welcome the International Physicist's Tournament. Students are the heart and soul of a university and at EPFL we always welcome new ways to fuel their enthusiasm. I can't think of a better way to do that than via this tournament, in which knowledge and creativity combine. The latter in particular is difficult to train in a classroom, but is essential to the practice of Physics. Let the Science begin!

Prof. Dr. Pierre Vandergheynst Vice-President for Education of EPFL

### A word from the Director of the Physics Section



Welcome to the 11th edition of the International Physicists' Tournament! That is for sure a competition, but also a unique place to cross different scientific cultures, to build up a problem solving team, and to go beyond academic education. This tournament offers the opportunity to the participants to confront their physics knowledge to challenging experiments. This is a place where participants learn about pragmatism and where they can demonstrate a high level of creativity. This will contribute making Physics an even more living science!

Prof. Nicolas Grandjean Director of the Physics Section of EPFL



## Welcome to the IPT 2019!

From the 21<sup>st</sup> to the 26<sup>th</sup> of April, 2019, EPFL has the pleasure to host the 11<sup>th</sup> edition of the International Physicists' Tournament (IPT, <u>iptnet.info</u>) – the biggest international competition in physics for teams of university students, bringing together almost 200 physicists coming from all over the world to defend the colors of their university and country.

EPFL is happy to organize the IPT 2019 and provide you with an opportunity to learn more about its various study programs, research directions and career opportunities and enjoy its beautiful campus on the Geneva Lake. The Local Organizing Committee with the help of multiple generous sponsors and passionate volunteers prepared for you a whole week of great activities, including the whole-day visit to CERN, to make sure you enjoy your stay in Lausanne!

The IPT Physics Fights are free and open to the public, so we invite everyone to come and watch them! And the Grand Final will be broadcasted live on the official IPT channels!



# List of problems

#### Tesla coil engine

When a thin metal wire is placed on top of a Tesla coil, the wire shoots off sparks from its ends and acquires a rotational motion, as if propelled by the sparks. Explain the phenomenon. Optimize the electrical and mechanical part of the setup to obtain the maximum rotational speed. What is the efficiency of such an engine compared with conventional electric engines?

#### 🕨 Yut

When making a choice or playing a game, we employ methods such as tossing a coin, rolling dice, or, throwing a Yut stick. Yut sticks are roughly half-cylindrical in shape and as such it is much easier to bias the outcome of up vs. down than it is for a coin or dice. If the floor is soft, then the stick is likely to have its flat side up, as the round side has a larger surface. If the floor is hard and the stick is 'rolled', the stick is likely to have its round side up. How does the probability of the outcomes depend on the relevant parameters?

#### Apples and Oranges

A simple radio can be made even from a potato. Will the quality of the sound depend on the fruit/vegetable type and/or any other parameters? What hypothetical plant could provide high fidelity sound? Can the setup be modified in order for it to work as a radio transmitter?

#### Escaping helicopters

Certain species of trees (such as maple, ash, or the guapuruvo) produce a type of dry fruit known as a samara. It has a winged structure that allows the seeds to be carried by the wind over large distances. How does the terminal speed of a samara depend on the relevant parameters? Is it more efficient than a parachute?

#### Water dancing ball

When a ball lying on a hard and flat surface is hit by a jet of water that falls perpendicular to the surface, it may start to oscillate. Investigate how the oscillations depend on the relevant parameters.

#### Broken pencils

It is universally believed that the fall of a pencil leads to the breakage of its graphite rod. What is the probability of fracture? How does this probability depend on the height of the fall and the length of the pencil? Propose an effective non-invasive technique to test whether the rod of a pencil is damaged.

#### Drunken glass

Sometimes, when we place a glass upside down on a wet flat table, it starts moving. Investigate its speed dependence on the relevant parameters and try to maximize it.

#### Runaway bubbles

Bubbles float in all directions when a jet of water pours from the tap into a container. Investigate the distribution of the distance to the jet from which bubbles escape, and its dependence on the impact velocity of the jet with the water and the depth of the water tank. Will the situation qualitatively change in a waterfall?

#### Rail track divination

The sound of an approaching train, propagating in metals, reaches our ears earlier than the train arrives. Is it possible to estimate the distance to the train and speed of

its movement using this phenomenon? Estimate the accuracy and precision of your method.

#### Cup flyers

A lightweight cup flyer thrown horizontally with a high backspin initially rises against gravity. Consider a flyer with a center of mass that is shifted from its geometrical center. Explain the flyer's trajectory and discuss the influence of the center of mass location and other relevant parameters on the maximum height and the stability of the flight.

#### 🖡 Circle magnet

If you stack many small cylindrical magnets, the resulting stick of the magnets will have some elasticity. Is it possible make it sufficiently elastic to join both ends of the magnet stick? If yes, what is the minimal attainable ratio of the radius of the resulting circle of magnets to the single magnet radius?

#### Jet charged!

With charged rods or balloons one can make a fine water jet bend. Study the jet trajectory. What is the smallest radius of curvature of the water jet that can be achieved? Are loops or helices possible?

#### String shooter

A closed loop of string fed between two high-speed rotating wheels seems to defy gravity. Explain the overall shape of the loop and investigate the propagation of waves on the string.

#### Solar cell characterizer

Propose and implement a method to determine the irradiance and color temperature of a light source by using solar cell materials? How accurately can they be measured? What are the limitations of your method? What are the relevant parameters?

#### Pouring a Sandcastle

Take a large flat dish (of at least 30 cm in diameter) and fill it with water to a 2cm depth. Next, gently pour 1 liter of dry sand on it from a height of around 40 cm. After a few seconds, a sand stalagmite starts to rise from the dish. What is the maximal height you can reach by this construction method? What are the most relevant parameters controlling that maximal height?

#### Camera inception

If you project in real time what a camera is recording and use that camera to film this projection, you will see a pattern of recursively nested images (the so-called Droste effect). Due to the finite speed of light and processing time of the camera, each image will be slightly shifted in time. Determine under what conditions can the effect be used to measure the spvveed of light.

#### Lab Shock Diamonds

Shock Diamonds are diamond-shaped structures appearing in the super-sonic flow exhaust from a propelling nozzle. Although very common in the exhaust of aerospace propulsion system, the phenomenon may also appear in other systems. Using standard laboratory equipment, construct a setup to effectively observe Shock Diamonds, specifying the important parameters and methodological considerations employed in their creation and observation. Investigate the dependence of the shape and number of diamonds on the important parameters. What properties of the gas and jet can be inferred from your observations?

### Program

21 Apr	Day of arrival	
14:00 - 19:00	Arrival and Check-In	Youth Hostel
19:00 - 20:00	Welcome Dinner	Youth Hostel
20:00 - 21:00	Jury Meeting (jury members only)	Youth Hostel
21:00 - 22:00	1 <sup>st</sup> IOC meeting (IOC members only)	Youth Hostel
<b>22 Apr</b>	1 <sup>st</sup> competition day	
8:00 - 9:00	Breakfast and transfer to EPFL	Youth Hostel
9:00 - 9:30	IPT Opening	CO 1
9:30 - 13:30	1 <sup>st</sup> Physics Fight	CO 015-017,
		122-124
13:30 - 14:30	Lunch	ĽEsplanade
14:30 - 18:30	2 <sup>nd</sup> Physics Fight	CO 015-017,
		122-124
18:30 - 21:00	Welcome Speech and traditional dinner	ĽEsplanade
23 Apr	2 <sup>nd</sup> competition day	
8:00 - 9:00	Breakfast and transfer to EPFL	Youth Hostel

- 9:00 13:00 3<sup>rd</sup> Physics Fight
- 13:00 14:00 Lunch
- 14:00 18:30 4th Physics Fight

**18:30 - 20:00**Dinner**20:00 - 21:00**Announcement of semi-finalists

Youth Hostel CO 015-017, 122-124 Vinci CO 015-017, 122-124 CO hall CO 1

24 Apr	Semi-final	
8:00 - 9:00	Breakfast and transfer to EPFL	Youth Hostel
9:00 - 13:00	Semi-final Physics Fights	CO 122-124
13:00 - 14:30	Lunch and announcement of finalists	Vinci
14:30 - 16:00	EPFL Lab Visits	EPFL campus
16:00 - 18:30	Visiting Lausanne	Lausanne
18:30 - 21:00	Free presentations & apéro	CO1 & CO hall
25 Apr	Excursion day	
8:00 - 9:00	Breakfast	Youth Hostel
9:00 - 10:00	Transfer to CERN	
10:00 - 13:00	Excursion to CERN	CERN
13:00 - 14:00	Lunch (packed)	CERN
14:30 - 18:30	Excursion to CERN	CERN
18:30 - 20:00	Transfer to Youth Hostel	
20:00 - 21:00	Dinner	Youth Hostel
26 Apr	Grand Finale	
8:00 - 9:00	Breakfast and transfer to EPFL	Youth Hostel
9:00 - 13:00	Grand Final	Forum Rolex
13:00 - 14:00	Lunch	Vinci
14:00 - 17:00	Awards ceremony	Forum Rolex
17:00 - 18:30	2 <sup>nd</sup> IOC meeting (IOC members only)	CO 123
18:30 - 22:00	Farewell dinner	Forum Rolex
27 Apr	Day of departure	
8:00 - 9:00	Breakfast and packing	Youth Hostel
9:00 - 11:00	Check-Out	Youth Hostel

## Maps

How to get to the EPFL campus from the Youth Hostel:



Where to go on the EPFL campus:



Teams	
Moscow Institute of Physics and Technology	Industrial University of Santander
Voronezh State University	KTH + Chalmers University of Technology
Universite de Lyon	École Polytechnique Fédérale de Lausanne
École Polytechnique	Federal University of ABC
University of Erlangen-Nuremberg	UC Berkeley
University of Warsaw	National Institute of Science Education and Research
National and Kapodistrian University of Athens	Politecnico di Milano + Università di Bologna
University of Zagreb	Technical University of Denmark
Taras Shevchenko National University of Kyiv	University of Queensland
Karazin Kharkiv National University	

## Website and Social media

You will find results and important information during the tournament on the IPT 2019 website: <u>2019.iptnet.info</u>

We will be live feeding as well on social networks:

- f facebook.com/InternationalPhysicistsTournament/
- bit.ly/2P1erW6
- <u>twitter.com/ipt\_official</u>



o instagram.com/the\_ipt\_official/

Feel free as well to share online with everyone your best moments (text, pictures, videos, etc.) by simply adding the hash-tag #IPT2019

We are going to take a lot of pictures and movies during the tournament. If at any time you feel uncomfortable with it, feel free to tell us and we simply will stop shooting you.

If you take pictures or videos, make sure the subjetcs are fine with it! And send your pictures to us, so they can appear on the IPT website!

# Some (Very Basic) French

Good morning Bonjour Where? O()?Good evening Yes, please Oui, s'il vous plaît Bonsoir Goodbye No, thank you Non, merci Au revoir Thank you Merci Sorry Désolé Do you speak English? Vous Excuse me Excusez-moi How much? parlez anglais? Combien?

### **Emergency numbers**

On campus: +41216933000 Everywhere else in Switzerland: **144** Or call the European emergency number: **112** 



# **The Organizing Committee**

The organizing committee is composed of two parts: the International Organizing Committee (IOC) is responsible for carefully selecting and publishing the list of problems, while the Local Organizing Committee (LOC) is in charge of organizing the tournament at the hosting university.

Members of the LOC, who who heroically did their best to make the IPT 2019 a success are shown on the right. You can easily recognize them during the tournament as they will be wearing black IPT T-shirts (together with volunteers). The LOC is also cooperating with the EPFL associations of physics students (Les Irrotationnels) and PhD students in Physics (PolyPhys), and is supported by the Swiss Physical Society, the Physics section of EPFL, Institute of Physics, Faculty of Basic Sciences and EPFL Vice-Presidency for Education.



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### Contact

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You can also write us an e-mail with any questions or feedback you might have: **switzerland@iptnet.info** 



## **Our Sponsors**

We are very grateful to the following companies and institutions for their generous support of the IPT 2019!









Materials Science and Technology











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### **SPRINGER NATURE**





Swiss National Science Foundation

